



# County of Santa Cruz

## Santa Cruz County Community Corrections Partnership

### MEETING NOTICE AND AGENDA

**May 24, 2023**  
**10:00 – 11:30 a.m.**

**Santa Cruz County Sheriff's Community Room**  
**5200 Soquel Avenue, Santa Cruz, CA 95062**

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*The three goals of the Santa Cruz County Community Corrections Partnership are:*

- I. Establish an array of **effective alternatives to incarceration** to address the impacts that the realigned population will have on the county jail in order to avert crowding and poor conditions of confinement without jeopardizing public safety outcomes;*
  - II. Implement **Evidence-Based Probation Supervision** that properly assesses risk factors associated with recidivism and provides effective probation interviewing, case planning, and community supervision to ensure public safety and reduce recidivism; and*
  - III. Develop community partnerships for **effective intervention services** that adhere to the principles of evidence-based practices for maximum recidivism reduction.*
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I. CALL TO ORDER:

II. REVIEW OF AGENDA:

III. APPROVAL OF AB361 RESOLUTION:

IV. APPROVAL OF MINUTES:

V. PUBLIC COMMUNICATIONS: Members of the public are allowed 3 minutes to address any item pertaining to the CCP, but not on the Agenda.

VI. ORAL REPORTS AND ACTION ITEMS

- 1 Probation Initiatives and Updates: Fernando Giraldo
2. Report on CAFES Cohort II and Cohort III Programs (Proposition 47): Sarah Fletcher
3. Serial Intercept Mapping (Full Group Activity): Kevin O'Connell

VII. ADJOURNMENT:

*The County of Santa Cruz does not discriminate on the basis of disability, as no person shall, by reason of a disability, be denied the benefits of its services, programs, or activities. If you are a person with a disability, including a communication disability, and require special assistance in order to participate in the meeting or need language service assistance, please contact the Santa Cruz County Probation Department at (831) 454-3105 (TDD: call 711) at least 72 hours in advance of the meeting in order to make arrangements. Persons with disabilities may request a copy of the agenda in an alternate format.*

*Por favor haga arreglos anticipadamente por teléfono al número (831) 454-3105.*



**County of Santa Cruz**  
**Santa Cruz County Community Corrections Partnership**  
**MEETING NOTICE AND AGENDA**

**February 9, 2023**  
**1:00 – 2:00 p.m.**

**Remote Access via Microsoft Teams**

I. CALL TO ORDER: Meeting called to order at 1:01 p.m.

Office	Representative
District Attorney's Office	Jeff Rosell, District Attorney *
Health Services Agency	Monica Morales, Director of Health Services Agency *(late**)
Sheriff's Office	Jim Hart, Sheriff-Coroner *
Probation Department	Fernando Giraldo, Chief Probation Officer *
Public Defender	Heather Rogers, Public Defender *
Superior Court of Santa Cruz	Sasha Morgan, Court Executive Officer *
Capitola Police Department	Andrew Dally, Chief of Police *
County Office of Education	Faris Sabbah, Superintendent of Schools
Health Services Agency	Lisa Todd, Chief of Substance Use Disorders Programs (absent)
District Attorney's Office	Laura Espindola, Manager of Victim Witness Assistance Program
Human Services Department	Randy Morris, Director of Human Services Department
Board of Supervisors	Ryan Coonerty, Third District Supervisor (absent)
Human Services Department	Andrew Stone, Director of Workforce Investment Board
Santa Cruz Volunteer Center	Karen Delaney, Executive Director

\*Denotes voting member

\*\*Monica Morales arrived at 1:05 p.m.

II. REVIEW OF AGENDA: (verbal)

III. APPROVAL OF AB361 RESOLUTION: Motion made by Sheriff Hart and seconded by Jeff Rosell. **Item passed.**

**Aye: Giraldo, Hart, Rogers, Dally, Rosell**

**No:**

**Abstain: Morgan**

**Absent: Morales (late)**

IV. APPROVAL OF MINUTES: Motion made by Jeff Rosell and seconded by Heather Rogers. **Item passed.**

**Aye: Giraldo, Hart, Rogers, Dally, Rosell, Morgan**

**No:**

**Abstain:**

**Absent: Morales (late)**

V. PUBLIC COMMUNICATIONS: Stephanie Barron Lu, Executive Director at Positive Discipline Community Resources and as part of Moms Demand Actions asked for interest and support for a gun buyback event. Sheriff Hart asked Stephanie to contact the Sheriff's Office to have a discussion.

## VI. ORAL REPORTS AND ACTION ITEMS

### 1 Probation Initiatives and Staffing Update:

Chief Giraldo introduced Asst. Division Director Lori Feldstein to the Adult Division, and Division Director Jose Flores to the Juvenile Division.

Probation introduced the concept of the coaching model Probation Coaching vs Refereeing at the Reducing Revocations Challenge: Advancing Probation Practices event in December 2022. The coaching model advances the way Probation does its work to maximize success and further engage clients. Probation will look to get technical assistance from Justice System Partners to help implement the coaching model across the Department.

Additionally, Probation will pilot a small incentive-based case management program around individuals struggling with substance abuse.

Probation will be sending out a survey to our key stakeholders and partners to receive feedback for the Department's 2023-2028 Strategic Plan.

### 2. Report on CAFES Cohort II and Cohort III Programs (Proposition 47):

Coordinating Access for Empowering Success (CAFES) Cohort II funding is ending officially in May 2023. CAFES was able to serve more than 600 individuals during those three years. Final evaluation and data will be available in the summer.

CAFES Cohort III funding of \$6 million was received in 2022. The program will technically run from September 2022 through June 2026, although direct client services will run from March 2023 through March 2026.

There are a few components of the program that have begun such as the Public Defender's Office Advocate Team expansion, and we are working on the Neighborhood Court expansion with the District Attorney's Office and Conflict Resolution Center. The day-to-day oversight position has been filled by our Assistant Division Director Hugo Calderon.

Through temporary workarounds, we can continue to fund SUD treatment, SLE and bridge housing for new and existing CAFES participants.

### 3. Report on Shared Safety Workgroup:

Sarah Emmert, Director of Community Impact, United Way of Santa Cruz County, reported on the Safety Workgroup. Please refer to the PowerPoint presentation for information.

### 4. Treatment Funding for In-County Forensic DNA Laboratory: Motion made by Jeff Rosell and seconded by Chief Dally. **Item passed.**

**Aye: Giraldo, Hart, Rogers, Dally, Rosell, Morgan, Morales**

**No:**

**Abstain:**

**Absent:**

Sheriff Hart requested to allocate \$2.8 million from the surplus AB109 Treatment funding to construct a DNA Laboratory and purchase some of the equipment. The DNA Laboratory has been in the planning process for several years but has experienced delays in funding due to other County projects and the COVID pandemic. The total cost of the project is \$3.2 million.

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The Sheriff's Office has money in different trusts to cover the gap and funding in place in trusts specific to the Sheriff's Office for the next 5 years with no net County costs.

Currently, the County uses the Department of Justice's DNA lab when there is DNA evidence in a case and in serious and violent cases; it can take 1-12 months to get results back and there is a limited number of samples that can be submitted.

Having our own DNA lab will allow the Sheriff's Office to service all agencies in the County and do a more thorough, quick, and efficient job of either identifying a suspect or excluding a person of interest. Victims and survivors of violent crimes, such as sexual assault and homicide, will be the primary group this project serves.

The Sheriff's Office has 1,700 sq. ft. of space available and a great laboratory team in place to add the DNA lab. There are a lot of federal grants available to pay for the laboratory past the 5-year mark but there must be a standing certified laboratory in place. The project has support from CAO, BOS and local law enforcement.

Chief Giraldo added that over the last two years the AB109 Treatment funds had surplus of dollars despite COVID. Trust funds grew significantly and will continue to allocate funding to treatment programs.

5. AB109 Treatment and Intervention Service Funding Cycle Timeline: Fernando Giraldo

Technically concluding a 4<sup>th</sup> year of AB109 funding and would normally have been an RFP cycle; however, due to the pandemic, it will stall for a year. The current cycle will extend to 5 years. New RFP in January of 2024 and new services in July 2024.

VII. ADJOURNMENT: 1:44p

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## SIM Update- Santa Cruz

Date	Time	Duration	Place
May 24, 2023	10am	70 minutes	Sheriff's Community Room, 5200 Soquel Avenue, Santa Cruz CA

Topic/ Item	Time Allocated (Minutes)	Objectives
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Overview of the Sequential Intercept Model</li> <li>• Review of 2022 Map</li> </ul>	15	Information
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Intercept 0-1 Priority Review</li> </ul>	15	Discussion
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Gaps and Priorities for Intercepts 2 and 3</li> <li>•</li> </ul>	15	Discussion
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Gaps and Priorities for Intercepts 4 and 5</li> <li>•</li> </ul>	15	Discussion
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Next Steps               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Gaps and Priorities Survey for Intercept 2-5</li> <li>○ Summary Report and Program Inventory</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	10	Decision

## Overview of Sequential Intercept Model

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The Sequential Intercept Model (SIM) was introduced in the early 2000s<sup>1</sup> with the goal of helping communities understand and improve the interactions between criminal justice systems and people with mental and substance use disorders. The SIM is used to identify community resources and help plan for additional resources for people with mental and substance use disorders at each phase of interaction with the justice system.

The SIM can help leaders and staff more effectively collaborate to divert people with mental and substance use disorders away from the justice system and into treatment. The SIM is used as the basis for a workshop that produces an actual map of a community's resources across the intercepts. During the many SIM mapping workshops over the years, it has become clear that tracking and understanding services across the intercepts is a critical part of developing a robust continuum of behavioral health services and reducing justice system involvement of people with mental illnesses and co-occurring substance use disorders.

## Workshop Objectives

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Meaningful cross-system collaboration is required in order to establish effective and efficient services for people with mental illness in the criminal justice system.

*Sequential Intercept Model Mapping* provides an opportunity for communities to visualize how behavioral health and criminal justice systems intersect in serving individuals with mental illnesses and co-occurring disorders.

The mapping process aims to:

1. Develop a comprehensive picture of how adults flow through the criminal justice system along six distinct intercept points.
2. Identify gaps, resources, and opportunities at each intercept for adults with mental illnesses and co-occurring substance use disorders.
3. Develop priorities for action designed to improve system and service-level responses for adults with mental illnesses and co-occurring substance use disorders.

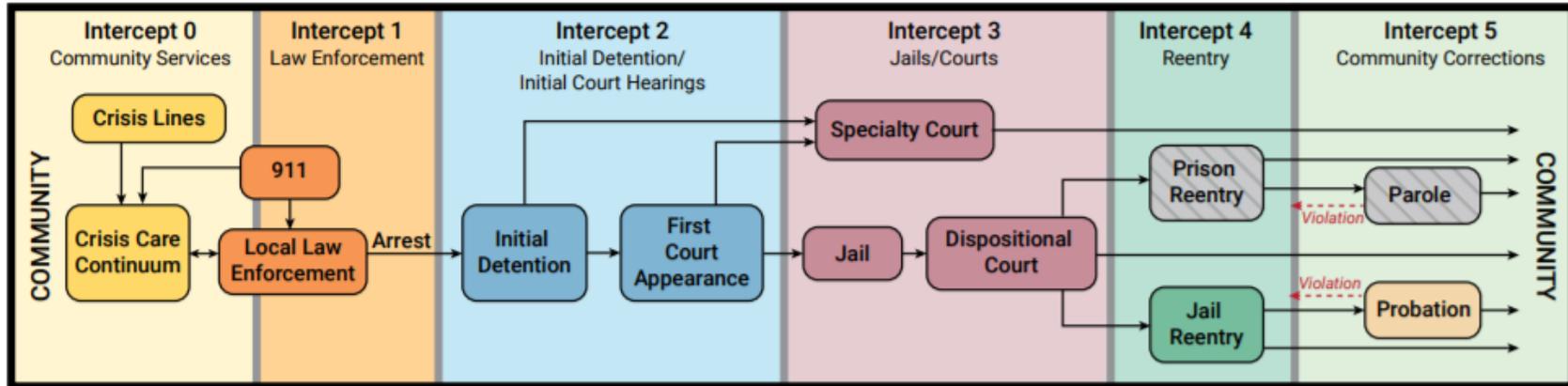
Adapted from SAMHSA / GAINS Center

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<sup>1</sup> Munetz, M. R., & Griffin, P. A. (2006). Use of the sequential intercept model as an approach to decriminalization of people with serious mental illness. *Psychiatric services*, 57(4), 544-549.

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## Overview of Sequential Intercept Model



## Description of Intercepts and Programs at Each Intercept

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- (0) **Community Services:** This area focuses on process and programs that offered to a general population that may or may not tie into law enforcement engagement. *Examples: crisis response, 911 call centers, Continuum of Care planning, and early intervention/prevention.*
- (1) **Law Enforcement Response:** This area focuses on how law enforcement entities engage at the point of first contact. Some of these interactions will result in an arrest, but other will not. *Examples: 911 Dispatcher training, specialized police training, and specialized responses to high utilizers.*
- (2) **Initial Detention and Initial Court Hearings:** This area covers the initial jail booking or detention, then the time and choices made leading up to and during arraignment. *Examples: screening tools used at booking, Supervised Own Recognizance programs.*
- (3) **Jails and Courts:** This area focuses on the time between arraignment and case disposition when the person is held in custody. This includes services offered while in jail, as well as through court processes. *Examples: in-custody services, care coordination, counseling or therapies, mental health courts, drug courts, etc*
- (4) **Reentry:** This area looks at the efforts to prepare a person for release to the community. This can come in the form of making connections with community providers, probation, or other ways of ensuring a warm handoff to the community. *Examples: Re-Entry Case Planning and care coordination, “warm handoffs” to the community, and Peer Navigators.*
- (5) **Community Corrections:** This area looks at the role of community corrections agencies like probation or parole in keeping the person connected to services based on risk need responsivity, engaged with their probation officer, and other efforts to avoid future recidivism. *Examples include Risk Needs Assessment, Graduated rewards and Sanctions in response to violations, and Correctional Case planning.*

